



# **CBM 188: Advanced Accounting For Decision Makers**

School	School of Creative and Cultural Business				
Course	MSc Global Business Management				
Stage	2				
Academic Year	2020-2021				
Cohort	7				
Semester	1				
Date	1 Feb 2021				
Time (main cohort)	2.30 hours (including 15-minute reading time)				
Time (SAA Student)	N/A				
No. of Pages (including	4				
cover sheet)					

## **Instructions to Candidates**

Answer **ALL THREE** sections.

Points for each question is indicated below -C2 counts 40% of the module grade.

**Special Stationary (None)** 

This is an open-book exam; you are allowed to use the textbook and/or your notes.





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#### Section A: Investment Appraisal

#### Answer ALL questions:

- 1. (2 Points each, 1 point for the correct answer, 1 point for the reasoning)
  - i) While making 1000 units of a product company has following costs:
    - Direct materials: \$5 per unit
    - Direct labor: \$4 per unit
    - Variable manufacturing overhead: \$3 per unit
    - Fixed manufacturing overhead: \$6,000 per year

The management decided to use variable costing. The cost as per variable costing method will be:

- a) \$18
- b) \$9
- c) \$12
- d) \$15

ii) IRR of a project is 20%. Which of the following is true regarding project's NPV?

- a) Zero
- b) Negative at 15%
- c) Negative at 25%
- d) Indeterminate

iii) You accessed a project and figured the cash inflows for the next 8 years. Only in the end you realized that you had underestimated the discount rate. You made the correction. What would be impact of this correction:

- a) NPV will decrease and IRR will have no change.
- b) No change in both NPV and IRR
- c) NPV will increase and IRR will also increase.
- d) NPV will decrease and IRR will decrease.

iv) A company has a cost of equity (Ke) of 18% and a cost of debt (Kd) of 6%. It has 40% debt in it capital structure. It has two investment opportunities of similar risk to its existing business. A costs CHF 4m, will yield 9% and be financed by debt and B costs CHF 6m will yield 15% and be financed by equity. The company should:

- a) Accept A alone
- b) Accept B alone
- c) Accept both projects
- d) Accept neither project

v) The IRR (internal rate of return) method used to compare two investment projects

- a) Ignores the size of each of the projects
- b) Always provides only one IRR for each project
- c) Is not shown as a percentage
- d) Is based on accounting profits
- 2. (10 Points) The Red Line Yard has the opportunity to buy a car smasher. The machine would add net \_\_\_\_\_ cash flows of €80,000 at the end of the first year and €70,000 at the end of the second year (it will only last



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two years). The initial cost of the machine is €100,000. At the end of two years, the salvage value of the car smasher is estimated to be €10,000. The required rate of return on the car smasher is 10%. The income tax rate is 40%. Red Line uses straight-line depreciation (for the machine's 2-year life) for income tax purposes. Income taxes are paid at the end of the year. Show the cashflow and calculate the net present value of the car smasher machine?

- 3. (20 points) XVZ Corp. is considering a combination of investing option. As part of the investor search process, the management considered the following options:
  - Issue new debt at par with coupon rate of 9%
  - Issue preferred share with share price \$3.00 and dividend of \$30 per share
  - The market price of common share is \$50 per share
  - $\circ$  The company expects to pay a dividend of \$1 per share next year
  - Dividend growth is expected to be 5%
  - Marginal tax rate is 35%
  - a) Calculate the cost of debt, cost of equity and cost of preferred share.

b) The company raised capital using 40% debt, 10% preferred stock, and 50% common stock, calculate the cost of capital for the company?

#### Section B: Performance measure

Answer <u>ALL</u> questions:

- 1. (15 points) In the context of an International company, why instead of using only financial measure a combination of financial and nonfinancial measures for performance evaluation of foreign subsidiaries is preferred?
- (25 points) How does the Balance Score Card (BSC) allows to resolve Deming's complaint concerning management by objectives and results? If so how? Deming said "A goal without a method is nonsense.". Use a company you know as an example to support your arguments.

#### Section C: Company's health

Using the following cases:

- Scandic 2019 Annual report

Answer ALL bullet points:

• (20 points) Critically appraise performance of the above global company based on financial and nonfinancial information declared in the published financial reports. As and where possible support your arguments with recommendations.





**End of Examination Question paper** 

### **FINANCIAL TABLES**

Present Value of \$1.00

Periods	2%	4%	6%	8%	10%	12%	14%	16%
1	0.980 (	).962	0.943	0.926	0.909	0.89	0.877	0.862
2	0.961 (	).925	0.890	0.857	0.826	0.79	0.769	0.743
3	0.942 (	).889	0.840	0.794	0.751	0.71	0.675	0.641
4	0.924 (	).855	0.792	0.735	0.683	0.63	0.592	0.552
5	0.906 (	).822	0.747	0.681	0.621	0.56	0.519	0.476
6	0.888 (	).790	0.705	0.630	0.564	0.50	0.456	0.410
7	0.871 (	).760	0.665	0.583	0.513	0.45	0.400	0.354
8	0.853 (	).731	0.627	0.540	0.467	0.40	0.351	0.305
9	0.837 0	0.703	0.592	0.500	0.424	0.36	0.308	0.263
10	0.820 0	).676	0.558	0.463	0.386	0.32	0.270	0.227
11	0.804 0	).650	0.527	0.429	0.350	0.28	0.237	0.195
12	0.788 0	).625	0.497	0.397	0.319	0.25	0.208	0.168